Risk assessment

Name of	Dinghy Sailing at Fishmoor Reservoir,	Date of risk	24 th February 2022	Name of person	Rachael Astley
activity, event,	Blackburn.	assessment	Updated 18/04/24	doing this risk	
and location		Date of next review	18/04/25	assessment	

What hazard have you identified?	Who is at risk?	How are the risks already controlled? What extra controls are needed?	What has changed that needs to be thought about and controlled?
What are the risks from it?	risk!	vvnat extra controls are needed?	about and controlled?
Dinghy Sailing Serious life changing injuries / fatalites	All	Dinghy Sailing is an adventurous activity, requires the leader in charge for under 18's to hold a TSA AA Leadership Permit for Dinghy Sailing for B1 waters. The permitted leader has a responsibility to know the remit of their permit, and to know the scout rules, in relation to providing water activities for its youth members.	
On Shore Hazards and Risks Uneven ground, pot holes Slips, trips and falls	All	Safety Brief to include: No running around site,	
Top reservoir has no guide rails Drowning	Young people	Pre-actvity brief to include: Making parents aware of the reservoir, and that the mound is out of bounds	
Boat and trailer manhandling Crushing injuries	All	Safety Brief to include: Awareness of movement of boats and trailers around site Adults moving boats around site need to be vigilant and aware of other people on site	
Petrol on site Fires	Adults who smoke	Pre-activity brief: No naked flames or lit cigarettes on site.	
Broken glass on slipway Cuts and personal injury	All	Pre-actvity walk around by Session Lead, to check for broken glass and hazards on the slipway.	
Trailers and cars left on track, slipway and in compound Blocking of emergency access to the water	All	Pre-actvity brief to include: the importance of keeping emergency access from the main gate down to the waters edge. Clear. Parking in the area at the side of the track, at the bottom of the mound	
		Session lead to make sure access is clear down to the water	



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Deep water	All	Safety brief to include:	
Accidental drowning		Buoyancy Aids must be worn beyond the gate at the top of the slipway.	
Manual handling of masts and	All	Safety brief to include:	
booms		Awareness of other people on site when carrying masts etc	
Personal injury		Mast should be carried by 2 young people	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Keep fingers out the way when stepping masts into the boats	
Incorrect assembly of rigging	Participants	Permitted leader to check boats over before launching.	
Capsize		Checks to include:	
		Tiller is under the bridle at the back	
		Mast gate pin in place	
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Fuel spillage		Fuelling of safety boats to take place away from the water.	
Environmental damage		For spillages on the water, use the spillage mopping up kit located in the middle	
	A11	container.	
Mechanical Recovery of safety boats	All at the top of	Recovery of safety boats by vehicle should only be carried out by those signed off by the	
Collisions with pedestrians	slipway	LSSA to do so. Towing vehicle should display hazard lights and proceed at slow speed.	
		All young people to have left the slipway and rigging area before recovery process to	
		begin. Clear communication between those adults helping and the driver of the tow	
		vehicle.	
On the water Risks and	Participants	Helmets to be worn by beginners on Picos and Toppers	
<u>Hazards</u>		Safety brief to include not standing up on funboats.	
Swinging boom on dinghies			
Head injury			
Weather conditions	All	The Permitted leader to check weather forecast leading upto the activity, and act	
Capsize / hypothermia		accordingly within the remit of their permit, and in line with LSSA procedures.	
		Where the activity is Adults only then the most senior qualified for the activity and LSSA	
		validated person to run the session.	
		Pre-activity brief to include:	
		Appropriate clothing for the weather conditions, and to bring warm clothing to warm up	
		after in case they end up in the water.	
Hull fittings and straps	All	Pre-activity brief to include:	
Personal injury		Wearing of appropriate footwear	
Ropes & rigging when capsized	Participants	Safety boat must have a SB certificate holder on board, have access to a rescue knife, and	
Entrapment / entanglement		be prepared to enter the water.	
		Dinghy must be righted immediately, and check for all participants.	
		Pre- Activity brief to incude:	
		Long hair must be tied back	
		Any piericings should be covered / removed	
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Ropes	All	Safety brief to include:	
Degloving		Not wrapping the rope around the hand or wrist	
Recovering dinghies Impaction injuries	All	Safety brief to include: Safe return to shore practices – lee shore winds / off shore winds Not to stand in the path of an incoming dinghy at speed	
Collision of dinghy Personal injury, trapped limbs	All	Safety brief to include: Keeping clear of other boats SB to reinforce on water	
Propellor on powerboats Severe personal injury possible death	All	Powerboats to be helmed by qualified persons, and operate to RYA Safety Boat standards.	
Wake left by powerboat operating at speed Dinghies becoming unstable and possible capsize	All	Powerboat drivers to be aware of the wake they create and to be mindful of inexperienced sailors on the water.	
Collision between Safety boats and Dinghies Crush / impact injuries	All	Safety boat helms must keep a good look out and drive at a safe speed. Safety crew must be aware of their responsibility to keep a good look out, and make sure they are positioned in the boat as to not obscure the helms view. If the boat is a safety boat then, there must be a Safety boat cert holder in the boat and also a powerboat level 2 holder as minimum requirement for crew.	
Landing on a Lee Shore Collison between dinghy and dam wall Broken bones, bruising, from impact	All	Permitted leaders to follow RYA guidelines for coming into a lee shore, by detaching the sail from the boom, advising yp to aim upwind of the slipway.	Reviewed April 24

